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JAPAN P&I NEWS

To the Members

Prevent Dragging Anchor during Typhoon Seasons—Guide to Harborage in Tokyo Bay During Stormy Weather

We have obtained the Guide to Harborage in Tokyo Bay During Stormy Weather June 2020 issued by Tokyo Wan Association for Marine Safety. As for the preventing measures for dragging anchoring in the guide, Captain Okada, our loss prevention department, participated in the meeting to establish the preventing measures as a technical adviser.

When approaching a typhoon, we would urge members to provide safety measures against rough sea, obtaining the latest weather information such as a maximum instantaneous wind speed, a storm warning area, a projected path and so on. Vessels staying at anchorages to avoid typhoons should take appropriate measures against dragging anchor including engine stand-by in advance.

For your reference, please refer to our <u>Loss Prevention Bulletins</u> No.25 "Preventing an Anchor from Dragging", No.43 "Dragging Anchor – Case Studies and Preventive Measures".

We wish you a pleasant voyage.

Yours faithfully,

The Japan Ship Owners' Mutual Protection & Indemnity Association

Attachment: The Guide to Harborage in Tokyo Bay During Stormy Weather issued by Tokyo Wan Association for Marine Safety



Guide to Supervised Department, 3rd Regional Coast Guard Headquarters TEL 045-211-1118 Safety Division, Tokyo Wan Association for Marine Safety TEL 045-212-1817 Harborage in Tokyo Bay During Stormy Weather

Let's reinforce measures to prevent dragging anchor when a dragging anchor warning is issued. Evacuate from the bay *1 before the typhoon approaches, in order to ensure the safety of your ship and prevent dragging anchor accidents in Tokyo Bay.

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*1 In principle, evacuate to the south area of the line connecting the Tsurugisaki Lighthouse and the Sunosaki Lighthouse to ensure the safety of your vessel.

(When a storm with maximum wind speed of more than 40m/s in Tokyo Bay due to a typhoon is expected, an early evacuation advisory will be issued by each Port Captain in the bay considering the time for evacuation out of the bay)



Tokyo Bay is susceptible to the effects of winds blowing from the south to northwest. Particular caution is required when a typhoon passes through the west of Tokyo Bay because of continuously blowing strong winds from the south.



Precautions concerning anchoring and anchor watch

- After anchoring, extend the anchor chain straight so that it does not tangle. When the anchor chain is taut, stop unwinding the chainand allow it to go slack in order to check that the anchor is brought up.
- It is desirable to extend the anchor chain longer in the situation when stormy weather is expected.
- •Lying at single anchor, if the wind speed is increased, it is desirable to extend the chain and use a snubber anchor (the extension amount of the chain is about 1.25 times the water depth) to take measures to prevent anchor dragging.
- It is important to use the course display functions of GPS, ECDIS, and RADAR to quickly identify conditions of dragging anchor when the ship is pressed leeward and the hull is yawing and swaying in a figure-eight motion (so-called "horsing" motion).
- •If the wind presses on the hull from the side after anchor dragging and horsing, it will be difficult to perform tasks such as controlling the hull attitude and weighing anchor. Therefore when horsing is detected, it is recommended that the vessel make effective use of the engine and other means to quickly shift anchor, weigh anchor, get under way, or take other appropriate action according to the circumstances.
- •Continuously monitor VHF ch. 16. The Tokyo Wan Vessel Traffic Service Center (Tokyo MARTIS) will provide information and warnings to ships that are dragging anchor.

Criteria for issue of "dragging anchor advisory" from each Captain of the Port.

Port name	Wind direction	Wind speed	
Keihin Port	Wind blowing from south	Average 10 m/s or more	
Keilili Port	Wind blowing from other direction	Average 15 m/s or more	
Chiba Port Kisarazu Port	Wind blowing from south toVnorthwest	Average 10 m/s or more	
Tateyama Port	Wind blowing from other direction	Average 15 m/s or more	
Yokosuka Port	_	Average 15 m/s or more	

Even when the wind direction and speed are different from the above, an advisory may be issued when there is concern that the wind direction and speed will be reached the criteria.

Evacuation advisory issued in case of typhoon strike or similar event

Port name	Subject vessels	Details of advisory	
Keihin Port (Tokyo-Ku)	Vessels with gross tonnage of 3,000 tons or more	Must evacuate to outside of breakwater.	
Keihin Port (Yokohama-Ku, Kawasaki-Ku)	Vessels with gross tonnage of 1,000 tons or more	Must evacuate to outside of breakwater.	
Chiba Port Kisarazu Port	Vessels with gross tonnage of 500 tons or more	Must leave berth or pier and evacuate.	
YokosukaPort	Large vessels with gross tonnage of 3,000 tons or more Medium-sized vessels with gross tonnage of 20 to less than 3,000 tons	Must evacuate port or reinforce mooring.	

Contact

In case of accident or other emergency >>>

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You can also check marine safety information from a



safety information from a smartphone or other device.

CallVsign	Communication channel		Port name		TEL
Cattvsign	Call/response	Communication	FOIL Hairie		166
	16CH	12CH 13CH 14CH 66CH 69CH	Chiba Port		045-225-9150
Tokyo MARTIS **			Keihin Port	Tokyo-Ku	045-225-9151
				Kawasaki-Ku Yokohama-Ku	045-225-9152

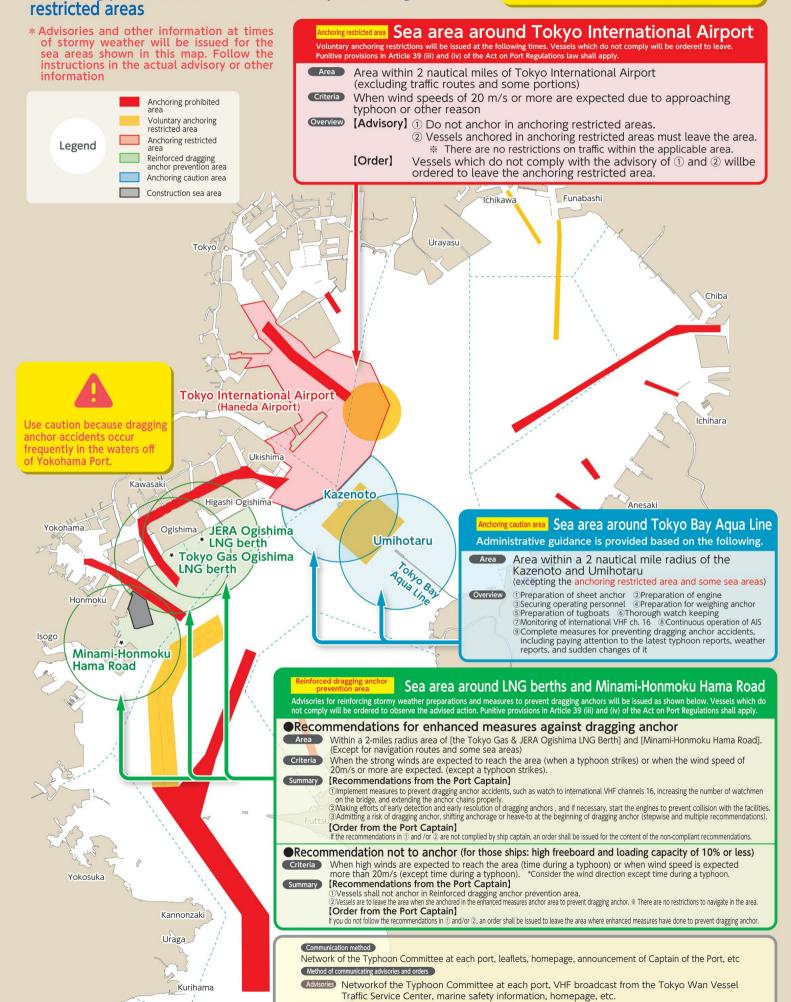
Tokyo Wan Vessel Traffic Service Center

https://www6.kaiho.mlit.go.jp/03kanku/keihou_kaijou.html

Guide to ocean-going vessels harboring in Tokyo Bay JUN 2020 during stormy weather Anchoring prohibited areas and voluntary anchoring

Be sure to anchor in a correct location.
The status of anchored vessels can be checked with a smartphone or other device.
https://www6.kaiho.mlit.go.jp/tokyowan/ope/byohaku/





Orders FAX, VHF, telephone, visit by patrol craft, etc.